(c) whether there is any proposal to enhance the existing quota; and

(d) if so, the details and the justification thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHIMANBHAI MEHTA): (a) and (b) According to the information furnished by the Delhi Administration, the posts of Post Graduate Teachers are filled up 75 per cent by promotion on selection basis from Trained Graduate Teachers with 5 years service and 25 per cent by direct recruitment. The posts of Vice-Principals are filled up 100 per cent by promotion from Post-Gradu-ate Teachers [Headmasters (Middle School) with 5 years service on selection basis.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

Guiding Principles for the preparation of Select Panel for Direct Recruitment

60. DR, YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to answer to the , Unstarred Question 183 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 19th July, 1989 and state;

(a) what are the guiding principles and provisions prescribed by Government of India, Department of Public Administrative Reforms for preparation of select panels for direct recruitment of employees of Central Government and societies fully funded and controlled by Government;

(b) whether these are being adhered to in Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan; and

(c) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRI CHIMAN-BHAi MEHTA); (a) In the Government of India, the selection committees are required to prepare the select panel for direct recruitment to the extent of the declared number of vacancies, and other persons found suitable are put on the reserve list.

(b) and ($_C$) The Board of Governors of the Kendriya Vidyalaya Sangathan have approved the drawing up of select panels 50 per cent larger than the declared number of vacancies in the case of teaching posts in order to enable the Sangathan t_0 provide full complement of teachers to Kendriya Vidyalayas.

Water Pollution caused by Effluents discharged by Tanneries

61. DR. YELAMANCHILI SIVAJI: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that water pollution caused b_y th_e effluents discharged by tanneries in Andhra Pradesh, Tamilnadu, West Bengal, Uttar Pradesh and Karnataka has assumed alarming proportions;

(b) if so, how many of such tanneries were prosecuted and convicted under th_e Water Pollution Act; and

(c) what further steps are being taken by Government to control pollution by this industry?

THE MINISTER OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI NILAMANI ROUTRAY): (a) Some areas of Andhra Pradesh, Tamil Nadu, West Bengal, Uttar Pradssh and Karnataka are facing a problem of water pollution from tannery effluents and wastes.

(b) Under the Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Uttar Pradesh Pollution Control Board has launched prosecutions against 22 tannery units and the Tamil Nadu Pollution Control Board has launched prosecutions against 150 tannery units. All the cases are pending in the courts and no tannery has been convicted.